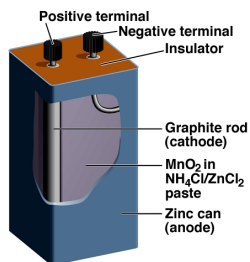


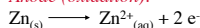
## Dry Cell Battery



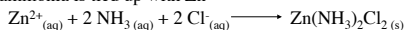
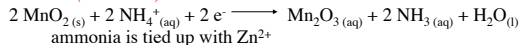
## Chemistry of Batteries

### Dry Cells

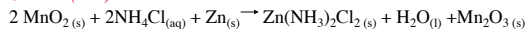
**Anode (oxidation):**



**Cathode (reduction):**



**Overall (cell) reaction:**



**Alkaline Battery**

Current: C/s  
A = ampere  
mA = milliampere  
mAh = Milliamp hour

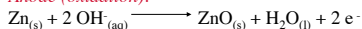
MASS (g) of substance oxidized or reduced  
↓  
M (g/mol)  
↓  
AMOUNT (mol) of substance oxidized or reduced  
↓  
balanced half-reaction  
↓  
AMOUNT (mol) of electrons transferred  
↓  
1 faraday (C/mol e<sup>-</sup>)  
↓  
CHARGE (C)  
↓  
time (s)  
↓  
CURRENT (A)

Type	Voltage (V)	Capacity (mAh)
AA	1.5	2800
AAA	1.5	1200
C	1.5	8000
D	1.5	12000
PP3	9	565

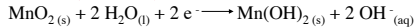
## Chemistry of Batteries

### Alkaline Battery

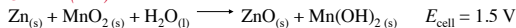
**Anode (oxidation):**



**Cathode (reduction):**

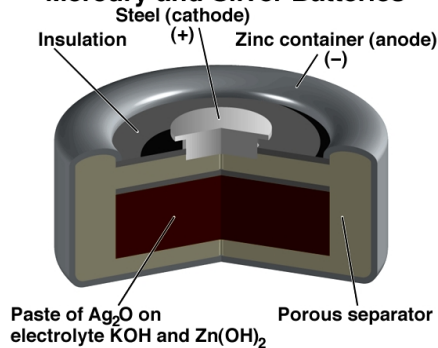


**Overall (cell) reaction:**



Leaking battery.

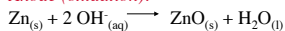
## Mercury and Silver Batteries



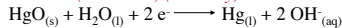
## Chemistry of Batteries

### Mercury and Silver (Button) Batteries

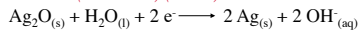
**Anode (oxidation):**



**Cathode (reduction) (mercury):**



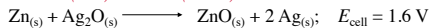
**Cathode (reduction) (silver):**

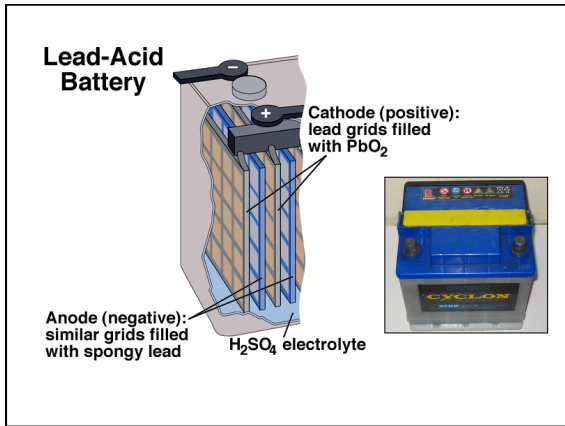


**Overall (cell) reaction (mercury):**



**Overall (cell) reaction (silver):**





### Rechargeable Batteries

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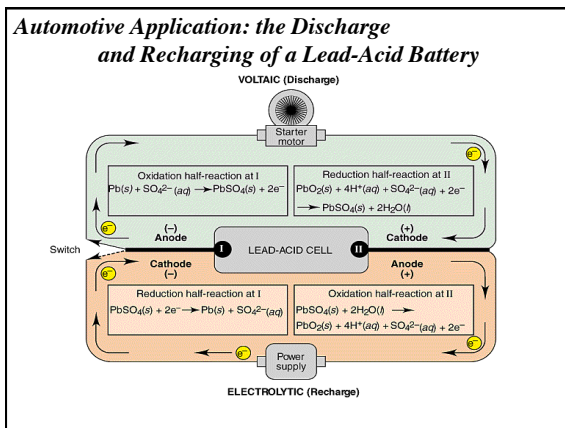
#### Lead-Acid Batteries

**Anode (oxidation):**  
 $\text{Pb}_{(s)} + \text{SO}_4^{2-}(\text{aq}) \longrightarrow \text{PbSO}_4(\text{s}) + 2 \text{e}^-$

**Cathode (reduction):**  
 $\text{PbO}_2(\text{s}) + 4 \text{H}^+(\text{aq}) + \text{SO}_4^{2-}(\text{aq}) + 2 \text{e}^- \longrightarrow \text{PbSO}_4(\text{s}) + 2 \text{H}_2\text{O}(\text{l})$

**Overall (cell) reaction (discharge):**  
 $\text{PbO}_2(\text{s}) + \text{Pb}_{(s)} + 2 \text{H}_2\text{SO}_4(\text{aq}) \longrightarrow 2 \text{PbSO}_4(\text{s}) + 2 \text{H}_2\text{O}(\text{l}); E_{\text{cell}} = 2 \text{ V}$

**Overall (cell) reaction (recharge):**  
 $2 \text{PbSO}_4(\text{s}) + 2 \text{H}_2\text{O}(\text{l}) \longrightarrow \text{PbO}_2(\text{s}) + \text{Pb}_{(s)} + 2 \text{H}_2\text{SO}_4(\text{aq})$



### Nickel-Cadmium (Nicad) Battery

Used in photovoltaic low voltage lighting

**Anode (oxidation):**  
 $\text{Cd}_{(s)} + 2 \text{OH}^-(\text{aq}) \longrightarrow \text{Cd}(\text{OH})_2(\text{s}) + 2 \text{e}^-$

**Cathode (reduction):**  
 $2 \text{NiO}(\text{OH})_{(s)} + 2 \text{H}_2\text{O}(\text{l}) + 2 \text{e}^- \longrightarrow 2 \text{Ni}(\text{OH})_2(\text{s}) + 2 \text{OH}^-(\text{aq})$

**Overall (cell) reaction:**  
 $\text{Cd}_{(s)} + 2 \text{NiO}(\text{OH})_{(s)} + 2 \text{H}_2\text{O}(\text{l}) \longrightarrow 2 \text{Ni}(\text{OH})_2(\text{s}) + \text{Cd}(\text{OH})_2(\text{s})$   
 $E_{\text{cell}} = 1.4 \text{ V}$

### Solid Lithium Battery

**Anode (oxidation):**  
 $\text{Li}_{(s)} \longrightarrow \text{Li}^+(\text{s}) + \text{e}^-$

**Cathode (reduction):**  
 $\text{MnO}_2(\text{s}) + \text{Li}^+ + \text{e}^- \longrightarrow \text{LiMnO}_2(\text{s})$

**Overall (cell) reaction:**  
 $\text{Li}_{(s)} + \text{MnO}_2(\text{s}) \longrightarrow \text{LiMnO}_2(\text{s}); E_{\text{cell}} = 3 \text{ V}$

### Lithium Ion Battery

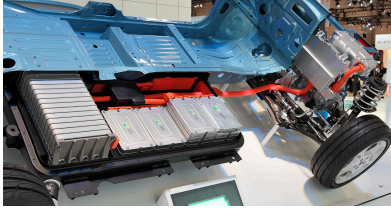
Most Common Rechargeable Cell Phone Battery

**Anode (oxidation):**  
 $\text{LiCoO}_2 \rightleftharpoons \text{Li}_{1-x}\text{CoO}_2 + x \text{Li}^+ + x \text{e}^-$

**Cathode (reduction):**  
 $x \text{Li}^+ + x \text{e}^- + 6 \text{C} \rightleftharpoons \text{Li}_x \text{C}_6$

$E_{\text{cell}} = 3.6 \text{ V}$

## Lithium Ion Battery Rechargeable Car Battery



Nissan Leaf

## Lithium Ion Batteries

### Positive Electrodes

Electrode material	Average potential difference	Specific capacity	Specific energy
$\text{LiCoO}_2$	3.7 V	140 mA·h/g	0.518 kW·h/kg
$\text{LiMn}_2\text{O}_4$	4.0 V	100 mA·h/g	0.400 kW·h/kg
$\text{LiNiO}_2$	3.5 V	180 mA·h/g	0.630 kW·h/kg
$\text{LiFePO}_4$	3.3 V	150 mA·h/g	0.495 kW·h/kg
$\text{Li}_2\text{FePO}_4$	3.6 V	115 mA·h/g	0.414 kW·h/kg
$\text{LiCo}_x\text{Ni}_{1-x}\text{Mn}_y\text{O}_2$	3.6 V	160 mA·h/g	0.576 kW·h/kg
$\text{Li(Li}_x\text{Ni}_y\text{Mn}_z\text{Co}_{1-x-y-z})\text{O}_2$	4.2 V	220 mA·h/g	0.920 kW·h/kg

### Negative electrodes

Electrode material	Average potential difference	Specific capacity	Specific energy Graphite
(LiC <sub>6</sub> )	0.1-0.2 V	372 mA·h/g	0.0372-0.0744 kW·h/kg
Hard Carbon (LiC <sub>4</sub> )	? V	? mA·h/g	? kW·h/kg
Ti-doped (Li <sub>2</sub> Ti <sub>2</sub> O <sub>7</sub> )	1-2 V	160 mA·h/g	0.16-0.32 kW·h/kg
Si (Li <sub>4</sub> Si) <sup>[20]</sup>	0.5-1 V	4212 mA·h/g	2.106-4.212 kW·h/kg
Ge (Li <sub>4</sub> Ge) <sup>[20]</sup>	0.7-1.2 V	1624 mA·h/g	1.137-1.949 kW·h/kg