

Names (Lab Group): _____

Density & Buoyancy

Part I: PhET Simulation / Buoyancy & Density Ratiohttps://phet.colorado.edu/sims/density-and-buoyancy/density_en.html

- Estimate the percentage of the wood, ice, and Styrofoam block that is under water while those blocks are floating. *Remember: the density of water is 1.00 kg/L.*

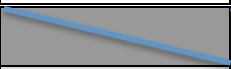
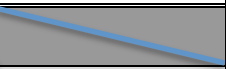
<i>% Wood under water</i>	<i>% Ice under water</i>	<i>% Styrofoam under water</i>
<i>Density of Wood</i>	<i>Density of Ice</i>	<i>Density of Styrofoam</i>

- Place the densities of the respective materials in the chart above. Compare these values to your estimations for the percentages.
- Create a formula to show what percent of a floating object would be submerged in **any** fluid using their respective densities.

% under =
surface

Use the respective simulation for the scenario listed to the right of each box and complete the tables below.

Same Mass

<i>Block</i>	<i>% submerged</i>	<i>Mass, kg</i>	<i>Volume, L</i>	<i>Density, kg/L</i>	Objects
Blue	<i>Sunk / 100%</i>	5.00 kg			☐ Custom
Yellow		5.00 kg	<i>Floats</i>	<i>Floats</i>	☒ Same Mass
Green		5.00 kg			☐ Same Volume
Red		5.00 kg			☐ Same Density
					☐ Mystery

Same Volume

<i>Block</i>	<i>% submerged</i>	<i>Mass, kg</i>	<i>Volume, L</i>	<i>Density, kg/L</i>	Objects
Blue		6.00 kg			☐ Custom
Yellow		8.00 kg			☐ Same Mass
Green		4.00 kg	<i>Floats</i>	<i>Floats</i>	☒ Same Volume
Red		2.00 kg	<i>Floats</i>	<i>Floats</i>	☐ Same Density
					☐ Mystery

Same Density

Block	% submerged	Mass, kg	Volume, L	Density, kg/L
Blue		3.00 kg	<i>Floats</i>	<i>Floats</i>
Yellow		4.00 kg	<i>Floats</i>	<i>Floats</i>
Green		2.00 kg	<i>Floats</i>	<i>Floats</i>
Red		1.00 kg	<i>Floats</i>	<i>Floats</i>

Objects

- ☐ Custom
☐ Same Mass
☐ Same Volume
☒ Same Density
☐ Mystery

Mystery

Block	% submerged	Mass, kg	Volume, L	Density, kg/L
Yellow, A				
Blue, B			<i>Floats</i>	<i>Floats</i>
Green, C			<i>Floats</i>	<i>Floats</i>
Red, D			<i>Floats</i>	<i>Floats</i>
Purple, E				

Objects

- ☐ Custom
☐ Same Mass
☐ Same Volume
☐ Same Density
☒ Mystery

Questions

- Increasing the size (mass and volume) of an object: increases / decreases / doesn't change (circle one) the object's density. This is referred to as an: intensive (same regardless of amount) / extensive (depends on the amount) (circle one) property.
- An object with a density of 0.67 kg/L floats in water. Approximately (circle one) 1/3 , 1/2 , 2/3 of the object is **under** water.
- An ice cube ($\rho = 0.9168 \text{ g/cm}^3$) dropped into a glass of 100% ethanol ($\rho = 0.789 \text{ g/mL}$) will sink or float?
- Using the %-density ratio, determine the percentage of a white pine wooden cube, which is 10.0 cm on a side ($\rho = 0.400 \text{ g/cm}^3$) would be submerged in water.

- Using the %-density ratio, determine the percentage of a white pine wooden cube that is 20.0 cm on a side ($\rho = 0.400 \text{ g/cm}^3$) that would be submerged in pure ethanol.

- Gasoline has a density of 0.7 g/mL. If one gallon of gasoline is mixed with 1 gallon of water.
 - the gasoline and water mix together
 - the gasoline and water don't mix and the gasoline is on top of the water.
 - the gasoline and water don't mix and the water is on top of the gasoline.
- If one gallon of gasoline is mixed with 1 liter of water (about a quart).
 - the gasoline and water mix together
 - the gasoline and water don't mix and the gasoline is on top of the water.
 - the gasoline and water don't mix and the water is on top of the gasoline.

8. Determine the density of an unknown metal that displaces 4.5 L of water and is found to have a mass of 25.4 kg.
9. How much water will a 1.00 kg metal block displace with a density of 7.00 kg/L? _____
10. How much water will a 1.00 kg **plastic** block ($\rho = 0.60$ kg/L) displace when **floating**? _____
11. Develop a way to identify the 5 Mystery blocks based on what you have read and understood from the simulation and class presentations using the information in the simulation's Table and your method to identify the blocks.
- a. Complete the following table: identify the most likely material for each colored block with specific data to support your identification.

<i>Block</i>	<i>Material ID</i>	<i>Support Data</i>
Yellow, A		
Blue, B		
Green, C		
Red, D		
Purple, E		

- b. Write a very brief general procedure (directions) in paragraph form with a few full sentences (similar to a recipe) for your experimental method. Do not use first person pronouns, (I or We), nor second person pronouns, (You). *Turn in on a separate page either typed or hand written that is attached to this form*
12. Mass is an *extensive* property as is volume. Briefly explain your answers to question #1 using this accepted information.