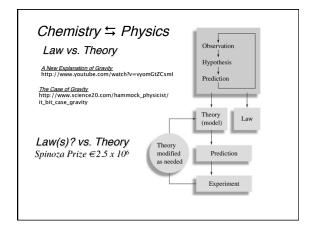


#### **QUESTION**

Theories are best validated, proven or disproven by

- A. observations.
- B. models.
- C. laws.
- D. experiments. E. guesses.



### **QUESTION**

The difference between a scientific law and a scientific theory can, at times, be confusing. For example, we will refer to the "Atomic theory" or perhaps the "Law of Gravity." Should the Law of Gravity be changed to the Theory of Gravity?

- A. Yes, no one can see gravity, it is better described as a theory.B. No, scientific laws are based on summaries of many observations and gravity observations are well known and
- predictable. More than one theory may explain the observations.C. Yes, gravity is better described as a theory because gravity explains why masses attract each other and theories are about explaining observations.
- D. No, keep it as a law, laws offer explanations and gravity explains why masses attract each other and laws are about explaining observations.

### Some Possible Steps in the Scientific Method 1. Observations qualitative (general, descriptive, subjective) quantitative (numbers, values) 2. Formulating hypotheses possible explanation(s) for the observation(s) 3. Performing experiments gathering new information testing whether the hypotheses are valid 4. Developing a theory 5. Testing & Refining

### QUESTION

Which statement most resembles a scientific theory?

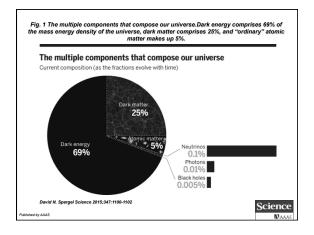
- **A.** When the pressure of a sample of oxygen gas is increased 10%, the volume of the gas decreases by 10%.
- **B.** The volume of an ideal gas doubles when the pressure of the gas is reduced by one half.
- **C.** Gases are composed of very small particles that are constantly moving. They collide with the surface of containers which hold them, producing pressure.
- **D.** A gas sample has a mass of 15.8 grams and a volume of 10.5 Liters.

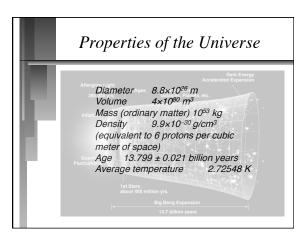
# Energy & Matter $E = mc^{2}$ <u>http://energy.gov/articles/livestream-our-latest-nobel-prize-winner</u> Based on the standard model of cosmology, the total

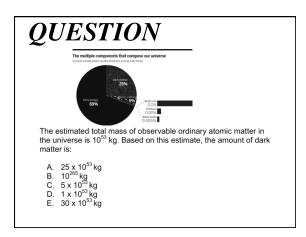
mass/energy of the universe is comprised of 4.9% ordinary matter, 26.8% dark matter and 68.3% dark energy<sup>[1][2]</sup> Thus, dark matter is estimated to constitute 84.5% of the total matter in the universe and 26.8% of the total content of the universe.<sup>[3]</sup>

Dark matter is matter that is undetectable by emitted or absorbed radiation, but whose presence can be inferred from gravitational effects.

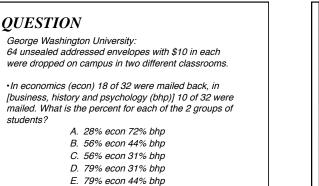
1. Adar, P. A. R.; Aghanim, N.; Amathago-Capita, C.; et al. (Planck Collaboration (22 Munch 2013), "Planck 2013 munch. I. Orenview of products and acientific member. "Enable P.: Accounty and Altricophysics (submitted), arXiv:1303.05692. Biccode 301 StarXiv:1303.05692.
C. Francis, Matthew (22 March 2013), "Feat Planck neutrics for Minnership of Antechnica, 3) "Planck captures portial of the young Universe, revealing earliert (spf: University of Cambridge, 21 March 2013. Perference 31.

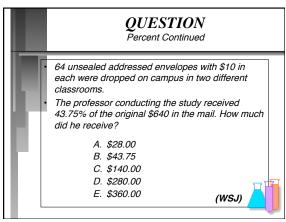


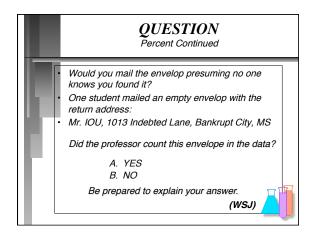


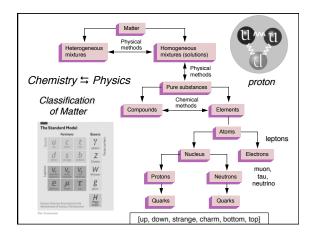


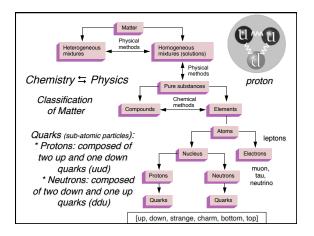
	<b>Percent</b> A comparison based on normalization to 100.
	In mathematics, a percentage is a number or ratio expressed as a fraction of 100. It is denoted by the percent sign, %, and is a dimensionless (pure) number.
ľ	<ul> <li>George Washington University:</li> <li>64 unsealed addressed envelopes with \$10 in each were dropped on campus in two different classrooms.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>In economics 18 of 32 were mailed back, in [business, history and psychology] 10 of 32 were mailed. (WSJ)</li> </ul>

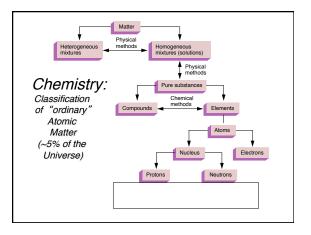


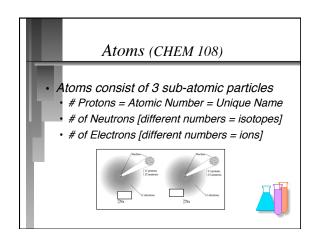


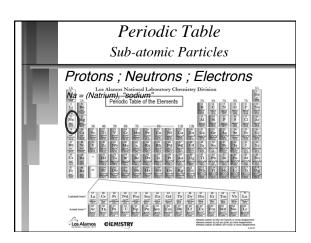


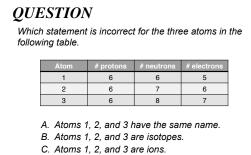




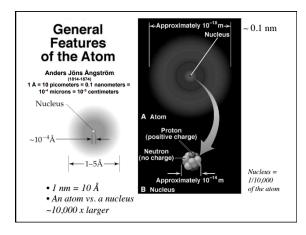


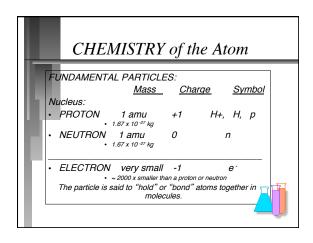






D. Atoms 1, 2, and 3 are not identical.





## QUESTION

Which statement is correct for the three atoms in the following table.

1	0		
	6	6	5
2	6	7	6
3	6	8	7
C. Atoms 1	and 3 have	nave the sai e the same ve the same	charge.

